BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

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BANGOR

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At No. 1, East End Kenduskeag Bridge

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

J. BOUTELLE. BENJ. A. BURR.

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Business Cards.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY

Planing & Moulding Mill,

C. H. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.

HAND TO THE TRADE IN

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,

AND

CORN BROOMS.

Office, No. 1 Court St., Bangor, Maine.

AMERICAN

Horse Clipping Machine!

Horses clipped with this Machine for $2. It is in use at the Bangor Horse Stables, in the best possible manner.

Price for clipping, $4.00.

"I WOULD NOT LIVE ALWAYS, I ask not to Stay."

But while I do, I shall continue my share to make my exit as lasting and comfortable as I can with the aid of Solid Gold Jewelry, which I sell at the lowest possible price.

EBEN STEVENS,

No. 5 Hammond Street, Opposite Court House.

FILES.....FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SHARPEN

To sharpen your Saws and Files, use the best Emery Wheel in the market.

1000 Dozen Files

And an assortment of Files, Rasps, etc., etc., which we are selling at

The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported.

Call and see them

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.

FOR SALE.

In the pleasant village of Orono, a small stock of Millinery and Dancing goods. A rare chance to any one wishing to go into business.

MRS. E. P. MAYO.

Orono, April 1, 1876.

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS

AT C. C. PRESCOTT'S Furniture and Upholstery Rooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Central St., for Hair Mattresses

Taken from your house, made over as good as new, and returned the same day. Now is the time to do it.

April 14th, 1876. 4w

STORAGE FOR SHINGLES,

STORAGE FOR GRAIN,

STORAGE FOR BARRELS,

STORAGE FOR SLEIGHS,

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE.

Insuring at low rates when wanted.

Henry McLaughlin,

FRONT STREET.

Slate Quarry Machinery,

Including Derricks, Friction Whimseys, Cutters, &c. Also, New and Second Hand Steam

ENGINES & BOILERS,

Gang, Single, Muley and Circular Saw Mills, Parallel Gang Edgers, Lath, Shingle, Clapboard and Stapping Machines, Water Wheels, Rock Mills, and Tannery Machinery, manufactured and for sale by

HINKLEY AND DILLEY IRON COMPANY,

Oak St. Bangor, Me.

$10. to $500. invested in Wall Street often leads to fortune. A 32 page book, entitled "Men and Methods Well Known," explaining everything.

Sent Free. JOHN HICKLING & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 72 BROADWAY, N. Y.

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND

THE FACT,

THAT WE CONTINUE TO MANUFACTURE

FINE CALF MEASURE WORK,

SEWED OR PEGGED, IN ALL STYLES!

Our workmen are unsurpassed, and the quality of stock used the best the market affords.

$4.50

We have in stock an unusually fine and large stock of BOOTS AND SHOES of all kinds, for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Youths wear, at prices below competition.

Repairing in all its branches done with neatness and dispatch.

E. A. BUCK & CO.,

Corner State and Exchange Sts.

Eaton Family School for Boys,

AT NORTHBRIDGE, MASS.

(Established 1831.)

Offers unequalled advantages for educating boys for business.

For information, address E. F. EATON, Principal.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE, SPECTACLES, &c.

Fine Watch repairing a specialty.

BERNHARD POL,

(Formerly with Walter F. Weeks,)

feb17 28 Main Street, Bangor

TRENCHES

—FOR—

WATER PIPES

And Drains,

DIG BY

JOHN FITZGERALD.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at A. E. Pote & Co's will receive prompt attention.

DOWNFALL

—IN—

HIGH PRICES!

HACK RATES

Reduced to Hard Pan.

The subscriber, who is well known in Bangor, would announce to the public that in order to comply with the demands of the hard times, he will hereafter run first-class Hacks and Coaches to and from the Cars and Steamboats, for

25 Cents per Passenger!

And will furnish Hacks for Balls, Weddings, Parties, Funerals, &c., at correspondingly low rates.

Also, a large stock of First Class LIVERY TEAMS of every style and description, and Coaches, from the lightest buggy to the most pretentious coach, to hire at lowest prices.

I can take a few more jobs to produce a number of SAFE AND KIND HORSES suitable for ladies to drive.

Also, A few boarding horses will be taken and well cared for at very low rates.

Franklin House Livery Stable,

Cor. Central and Harlow Streets, Bangor.

EMUEL NICHOLS, Proprietor.

All orders left at the Stable Office promptly attended to.

THE BOSTON

PAPER COLLAR WAREHOUSE.

WARWICK COLLAR,

DEEP POINT. ALSO

ELMWOOD COLLAR,

Equals all others. No other Collar has rounded points. Points never turn up. Become a Universal Favorite. Be sure and see that it is made by the

Narragansett Collar Company,

Who are the sole owners of the Patent

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Also, Manufacturers and Importers of every variety of

GENTS' NECK WEAR,

and Agents for the

BURLOCK DIAMOND SHIRT.

EMERSON LELAND & CO.,

Sole Agents for New England,

17 and 19 Boylston St.,

BOSTON, MASS.

WOODBINE COTTAGE,

Kenduskeag,

Will be open to the public until notice is given by the Proprietor to the contrary.

E. GARLAND.

JUST RECEIVED,

Children's Carriages,

CROQUET,

Base Balls and Bats, Selling Cheap!

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, and other repairing and engraving done to order.

DANIEL WHITE.

M. DE LA BASTIE

Has applied his great discovery of hardening and toughening Glass to the manufacture of

LAMP CHIMNEYS,

and we are now prepared to serve our customers with the first and only chimneys that are proof against a heavy blow, or the strongest heat they can be subjected to.

Call and try them. One will last through the Centennial.

J. S. RICKER & CO.

License Your Dogs.

All Dog Licenses expire May 1, 1876. Therefore the owners and keepers of dogs must govern themselves accordingly. The undersigned intends to execute the Law against dogs running at large without licenses. All dogs not licensed by May 8th, 1876, will be shot, and with decided to prosecute the very first prosecutions may be commenced for all violation of said ordinance, and that time is coming to the dollars.

SIMON F. WALKER, City Marshal.

Bangor, April 25, 1876. 2w

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF MAINE. In the matter of John M. and Timothy McGraw, Bankrupts, in Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice that on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1876, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the joint and individual estates of John H. and Timothy McGraw of Deblois, in the County of Washington and State of Maine, who have been adjudged bankrupts, individually and as partners under the style of McGraw Brothers on their own petitions filed April 8th, 1876, that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estates, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M.

GEO. F. SNOW, Deputy U. S. Marshal.

T. W. YORK, Esq., Solicitor.

April 19 eW2w&w137

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Orrin M. Shaw, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the 12th day of April, A. D. 1876. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Orrin M. Shaw, of Bangor, in the county of Penobscot and state of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition, filed February 10th, 1876.

TITUS G. SHUCKNEY, Assignee.

April 14 eF3w&w117

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine. In the matter of Emery T. Wagatt, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

District of Maine, ss. At Bangor, the 1st day of Nov., A. D. 1875. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Emery T. Wagatt, of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, and state of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, upon his own petition by the District Court of said District, filed Sept. 24th, 1875.

HENRY L. MITCHELL, Assignee.

apr24 eM3w&w118

Agents Wanted.

Men and Women to sell our superior RUBBER STAMPS for Business purposes; also for marking Linen, Cards, etc. Send for Circulars.

PORTLAND RUBBER TYPE CO.,

232 Federal St.

apr27 1mo* Portland, Me.

NOW IS THE TIME TO PAINT.

Stock & workmen at bottom prices

—AT—

CHICK & WILLIAMS',

No. 21 East Market Square.

apr21

Campaign Flags

CURRIER & HOOK

Foot of Exchange Street,

Have constantly on hand and manufacture to order, all kinds of Flags.

apr20

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS!

EVERYTHING NEW

—AT—

No. 25 MAIN STREET,

HATCH'S NEW BLOCK,

(Late of old Hatch House.)

CENTENNIAL CASH STORE,

We have just opened with a new stock of

DRY GOODS,

Fancy Goods & Small Wares,

—WITH—

EVERYTHING NEW,

One of I goods at "half price" I might at the lowest prices that I can afford to sell goods have been since the war, so I offer the same to the public.

FOR CASH AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Remember, we sell only for cash, and "all sell for cash" delivers "whom" our motto is

"SQUARE DEALING."

So that shoppers coming to see with cash, will find us with prices no less than cost. Thus giving the public a chance to buy goods at a good deal for their money. Give us a call.

CENTENNIAL CASH STORE

SULLIVAN & JONES.

A. M. SULLIVAN. ALFRED JONES.

Bangor, April 15, 1876. 1f

TURKISH PRUNES!

Just received, another hogshead of TURKISH PRUNES, the first we shall have this season.

13 Pounds for $1.00.

TEA WHITE

Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Me.

apr11

Children's Carriages

—AT THE—

BANGOR BAZAR.

Toy Carts, Wagons, and Dolls Carriages,

AT THE BANGOR BAZAR.

apr19

LOWNEY & BAKER,

MERCHANT TAILORS.

A full line of

SPRING GOODS

Just Received.

Fine Shirts, Collars and Cuffs on hand and made to order.

Chambers, 3 and 4 Kenduskeag Block,

BANGOR, MAINE.

WALTER M. LOWNEY. J. B. BAKER.

mar19 2m

MUSIC BOOKS!

Centennial Collection of National Songs. (In Boards, 50 cts. By paper, 40 cts.) A truly elegant and attractive collection of the Patriotic Songs of all nations, arranged for Solo or Chorus. Singing and especially date to the celebrations of this year.

Living Waters. [30 cts]. By D. F. Hodges. No better book of the kind has ever appeared. For Conferences, Praise Meetings, Prayer Meetings, Camp Meetings, etc. Hymns and music all in perfect taste, and of a high order.

Dictionary of Musical Information.—[$1.50]. The only Musical Dictionary, and a most convenient book of Reference.

Shining River. [35cts.] This charming Sabbath School song Book is received with great favor, and is worthy of universal adoption.

High School Choir. [1.00] In extensive use in Academies, Seminaries and High Schools. Music in two, three and four parts.

The People's Chorus Book. [$1.00]. Each glee or chorus is a gem, and as a collection of glees is quite equal to anything of the kind that has appeared.

Any book sent, post-paid, for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

BOSTON.

C. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway, New York. J. E. Ditson & Co., Successors to Lee & Walker, Phila.

may2 W&S4w apr15,76

CAN GOODS.

We did not steal these goods, as you might be led to suppose from the prices we sell them at. We bought a large stock at a VERY LOW figure and they

MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE.

Call and buy immediately or "forever after hold your peace" about high prices, as this will be the only lot we shall have this season.

7 3-lb cans Best Tomatoes, $1.00

6 3-lb cans Best Squash, 1.00

6 2-lb cans Best Blueberries, 1.00

5 2-lb cans Sugar Corn, 1.00

5 3-lb cans Mallory's Best Peaches, 1.00

These goods are warranted the best in this market

Tea White's Coffee Store

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE,

Bangor.

apr6

FOR SALE.

Several Hundred Thousand feet of Inclosed Boards; also, lot of Fine Scantling.

J. F. WHITE,

apr20 No. 18 Exchange St.

EDITH LYLE.

Just Published—A splendid new novel by Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, as can other works are read and re-read with delightful interest—such as "Tempest and Sunshine," "Lena Rivers," "Dalton Browning," "West Lawn," etc. Price, $1.50.

RECORD OF THE YEAR.

Just Ready—The second number (May) of this wonderfully popular monthly magazine and diary of important events and current miscellany. A capital number, full of the choicest reading matter, and a superb steel portrait of Moody, the great Revivalist. Price, 50 cents.

GEO. W. CARLETON & CO., Pub'rs, Madison Square, New York.

apr15 cod1m

GILES' LINIMENT

IODIDE OF AMMONIA

Cures Neuralgia, Face Ache, Rheumatism, Gout, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Sore Throat, Erysipelas, Bruises or Wounds of every kind in man or animal.

Available horse had swelling and Hard Lumps in his throat, could not swallow, applied GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE OF AMMONIA, instantly sores and lumps disappeared. I fell sick cut my hand on a rusty nail, applied the LINIMENT, healing it up without suppurating any soreness. No stable or family should be without it. THOMPSON & BROTHERS, Druggists and Wholesale, Philadelphia.

Sold by all Druggists. Depot 451 Sixth Ave., N. Y. Only 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

d&w1m 6p15

WANTED.

Energetic men to act as salesmen for us in all parts of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, and Lower Provinces. For full particulars address with stamp or supply at No. 17 Broad St., or No. 17 Pickering Sq., Boston. J. M. GEROW & CO., Bangor, Maine.

mar2 d&w

SALEM LEAD COMPANY,

Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD

Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST, and BEST

LEAD TIPE, 1 in wide, on rolls of 25 yards.

LEAD RIBBON, from 1/2 to 6 inches wide, on rolls of 25 yards.

LEAD PIPE, of any size and thickness.

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality.

FRANCIS BROWN, Treasurer.

March 1 NEW YORK. 3m

ONLY FOR MOTH PATCHES, Freckles and Tan.

Use Perry's Moth & Freckle Lotion. It is reliable.

For Pimples on the Face,

Blackheads or Flesh Worms, Ask your druggist for Perry's Comedone and Pimple Remedy, the only reliable skin cure. Sold by druggists, or sent by C. H. Perry, Dermatologist, 449 Hudson Street, New York.

apr11 T&Th&S4w

Grand CLOSING OUT SALES

—OF—

SHAWLS.

Long and Square Paisley Shawls in Open Centres, Double Centres and Filled Centres.

Stripe Paisley, Long and Square Shawls, and a good assortment of Home Shawls.

All of which we are in "LOW PRICES" as shall in our "cash sale."

A few Long Shawls and Square Shawls have been selling at $10 for $25, at $14 for $27, at $15 for $30, at $20 for $40, at $12 for $25, at $10 for $20, at $8 for $12.

Single Shawls, and I have to have been selling at $10 for $20, at $12 for $18, at $20 for $12.

Few Misses' Woolen Suits at half price.

Few Misses' Linen Suits at half price.

Every Cloak shown to examine to be special bargains.

AT R. P. STONE'S,

6 and 8 East Side Main St.

apr27 BANGOR, MAINE

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Felix Quinn, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice that on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1876, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Felix Quinn of Bangor, in the county of Penobscot and State of Maine, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, filed April 21, 1876; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to the Bankrupt, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M.

GEO. F. SNOW, Deputy U. S. Marshal.

may4 eW3w&w118

HERRING'S

FIRE-TRIED SAFES, TIME-PROVEN

Established 1841.

BANKERS' SAFES,

with our late Patented Improvements

AND

Infallible Bank Locks.

There locks afford the security of both a Combination and Time Lock, and are a

Safeguard against Masked Burglars.

HERRING & CO.

251 & 252 Broadway, New York,

56 & 60 Sudbury St., Boston.

apr18 eod1m*

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

FURNITURE

G. W. MERRILL & CO., 56 and 58 Main St., will sell for the next 30 days elegant new styles of Chamber and Parlor Furniture, manufactured this winter, as well as all other kinds of Furniture, at actual manufacturers' cost.

This is the best opportunity ever offered the citizens of Bangor and vicinity to secure bargains in Furniture, as they will have the advantage of selecting from the largest stock in the State.

All kinds of repairing done at short notice and at the lowest possible prices.

G. W. Merrill & Co.,

56 AND 58 MAIN STREET.

mar8 eod3m

ADAMS BROS.,

Manufacturers of

FINE SILK and

STIFF FELT HATS!

SILK HATS from $4 to $8.

Our Hats are warranted to fit better than any others in the market. All the latest Philadelphia and New York Style Soft Hats, to be found at

No. 5 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

mar27

Wanted.

Gentlemen boarders, or gentlemen with their wives, for several pleasant rooms, at

MRS. STEVENS, Park Street.

BANGOR CITY BONDS

AND A SAFE PLACE IN WHICH TO KEEP THEM!

BOWLER & MERRILL,

BANKERS.—At No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor, offer for sale Six Per Cent. Bonds of our City, for Investment; and will rent at a moderate Rate, small Safes in their Massive Fire-Proof and Burglar-Proof

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

WHERE SECURITIES AND VALUABLES CAN BE KEPT SAFELY.

All Marketable Securities Bought and Sold.

Real Estate.

Rooms to Let.

A suite of 6 rooms to let on the corner of York and Brown Sts. Inquire at the house.

may4 R. J. HICKSON.

For Sale or Rent.

The "Central House" for rent. Rooms lately occupied by Mr. Brastow, Main St.

may4 3w S. H. BLAKE.

For Sale.

House and lot, No. 20 Fern Street. Inquire on the premises.

may3 1w* WM. M. MUNRO

Small Tenement

FOR RENT.

A. E. POTE, Prospect St.

may3

For Sale or Rent.

The "Jefferson Chamberlain" place in Brewer. Fine building and good land.

may1 S. H. BLAKE.

For Rent.

A house well located. Rent low. Apply at H. J. PHEBLE's Law Office.

may1

For Rent.

House No. 16, Fourth Street. Inquire on the premises between 9 and 12 o'clock.

apr24 A. M.

For Sale.

A small farm, situated in Carmel Village, known as the C. Wakefield place, containing 40 acres of land, 25 in wood, will keep 3 horses and two cows. Has a small orchard, with good place for garden, buildings in good repair, with plenty of wood and best water.

For terms apply to ALONZO GILLAN, on the premises.

apr25 3w*

Desirable Residence for Sale.

This residence No. 10 Grove St. is offered for sale. It is situated upon one of the finest streets in Bangor, only a pleasant walk from the centre of business. The house has a pleasant southerly aspect, and is finished throughout in the best manner, and contains all the modern improvements, including Bath Room, Gas, Furnace, and Plumbing. The interior is arranged with especial care to convenience. A large stable and Carriage House are attached. The lot is 50 feet front, by about 175 feet in depth, and is finely laid out, and contains choice plants, with fruit trees, grapes, etc., etc. The above property will be sold cheap if applied for soon. For particulars call on the premises, or address

DR. G. W. FOSTER.

apr24 tf

House to Rent.

On Ohio Street, near the foot of Kenduskeag Street. Inquire of GEO. TUCKEY, on the premises, or W. P. HICKEY, Real Estate Office.

apr19

For Sale or Rent.

House No. 41, Kenduskeag Avenue. Enquire of Mrs. T. J. WHITING, or

apr19 Jefferson Street.

For Rent.

A tenement of four rooms, new and pleasant, on Jefferson street, second house west of Norfolk street. Enquire on the premises.

apr19

VALUABLE HOUSE

FOR SALE, AT AUCTION.

The valuable House No. 145 Essex Street, formerly occupied by H. S. Brown and recently repaired and put in first-rate order, have a new stone cellar, with all necessary conveniences, good drainage, &c. This house is very pleasantly located in a good neighborhood, is long by all in modern style.

I will sell this house at low or sensible price at private sale if wanted. If not sold by Private Sale, shall offer it at Auction on the premises, at half past 4 o'clock P. M. on the premises.

GEO. W. LADD, Public Auctioneer.

may2 2w

For Rent.

I offer for rent the old "Dexter House" so called, situate in the business centre of the village of Dexter. Contains about twenty rooms all in well repaired and in good order, suitable for a first-class Boarding House or small Hotel. Will be rented cheap if applied for soon.

A. W. BARRON,

apr10 Trust. Dexter Savings Bank.

For Rent.

2d Tenement True's Block, on Court street. Possession given soon. Inquire of

apr29 tf DR. HAMLIN.

For Rent.

House No. 11, Maple St., with large Garden, well and cistern water. Enquire at No. 9 Maple St.

GEO. W. MANSFIELD.

Possession given April 1st.

mar18 tf

VILLAGE FARM,

1-4 Mile from R. R. Depot. About 25 acres choice land, with good half large, 6 miles from Bangor, near the most flourishing manufacturing establishment in the county, for sale very low. Half cash.

AT CHAMBERLAIN'S.

Oct. 14, 1875 d&w tf

FOR SALE.

Valuable Farm near Railroad Depot

Trains in and out of Bangor, twice, daily. Fare, 45 cents. Cuts 20 tons hay, well watered, young orchard, some wood, new building, House 1½ story, 14 feet post, Barn 36 by 60, one 36, 22 feet long, one 40 feet, Sheep Barn, 40 by 80. Cheese Factory within 1 mile. Hay cut with machine. Farm in high state of cultivation and for sale at less than cost of the buildings. Part cash and balance on mortgage.

AT CHAMBERLAIN'S,

mar6 eod d&w Hammond St.

WILL EXCHANGE

Farm for Dwelling House in Bangor.

One of the most productive and beautiful Farms in all respects in Maine, with excellent buildings, 8 miles nearly all in one enclosure, exchanged for a $6000 Dwelling, Stable, &c., well located in Bangor, or that amount in cash and mortgage will purchase the Farm.

AT CHAMBERLAIN'S,

March 31, 1876. Hammond St., Bangor.

d&w

PREPARE TO SCREAM WITH DELIGHT!

You Can't Help it, Human Nature Demands it; You must give vent to your feelings, or Bust!

The People Shouting with Delight and Every One Made Happy!

16

West Market Square, Cram, Jam Full of Smiling Faces and Anxious Buyers. The word

C-H-E-A-P

Is the wonderful magnetism that draws Whole Communities to our Mammoth Wardrobe.

3

Brave Policemen and a Poodle Dog on duty to keep order.

THE CAUSE.

The public have learned that our Spring Goods have arrived, and are flocking from near and far to supply themselves with a NEW SPRING OUTFIT. All acknowledge our Goods and Prices to be a Feast for the Eyes and a Saving to the Pocket. All of our previous endeavors are completely outdone; we can now show the Largest, Handsomest and best made assortment of MEN'S, BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

READY MADE CLOTHING

Ever offered in this City, at such Low Figures that the closest buyers are satisfied. You need but to look to convince yourselves of the truth of our assertions.

TIME AND MONEY SAVED,

By coming directly to 16 WEST MARKET SQUARE and purchasing your Garments. We buy our Cloth of the Mills, Manufacture our own Clothing, do only a Cash Business, and can therefore afford to undersell all Small Dealers.

Can These Figures be Beat?

Good Working Suit, 2-3 wool,	$8 00
All Wool Suit,	10 00
Genuine Silk and Wool Suit,	12 00
Fine Dress Suits, from	$14.00 to 25 00
Strong Working Pants,	75
A Better grade Pant,	1 50
"The Boss" Pant,	2.50 to 3 50
Elegant Dress Pants,	4.00 to 7 00

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING!

No three Stores in Bangor show half the assortment we do. We have all sizes, from 3½ year up.

Good Play Suits, (3 to 5 years)	$4 50
Nice School Suits,	$4 00 to 6 00
Fine Dress Suits,	6 00 to 12 00
Boys' Suits, (9 to 15 years)	$5.00, 6.00, 7.50, 9.00 and 10 00

Children Cry for them, Mothers Sigh for them!

GENTLEMEN, MERCHANTS, MECHANICS, LABORERS, you are all invited to inspect our goods and prices, whether you wish to purchase or not.

COME AND BRING YOUR FRIENDS!

C. D. B. FISK & CO.,

One Price Clothiers,

16 WEST MARKET SQUARE,

Formerly the China Tea Store.

BANGOR, MAINE.

apr25 tf

C. W. COFFIN

Has now in Stock the Finest Variety of

FASHIONABLE MILLINERY GOODS

ever shown at our Store, with a choice assortment of all the leading Novelties of the season, which we offer at the lowest city prices. We hope to see you at our counters.

may24 19 Main Street.

A REGULAR BREAKDOWN

—IN—

Clothing! Clothing!!

A $20,000 Bankrupt Stock to be Closed out in 60 days.

BOYS', YOUTH'S AND MEN'S CLOTHING,

At prices never heard or dreamt of before or since the war. The Best Made, the Latest Style, and the Best Fitting Garments, 40 per cent less than usual retail cost.

Men's Strong Working Pants,	60 cents
Men's Extra Heavy Pants,	$1 25
Men's Imitation Worsted Pants,	2 00
Men's good All Wool Pants,	3 00
Men's All Wool Homespun Pants,	5 00
Men's Working Suits, (Coats, Pants and Vests)	4 50
Men's Nice Business Suits,	7 50
Men's Genuine All Wool Scotch Suits,	12 00
Men's Finest Imported All Wool Worsted Suits,	15 00
Boys' Suits (ages 3 to 10), from	2 25 up
Outside Shirts from	75 cents up
Linen Covered Paper Collars, stylish,	12 cents a box

All the Novelties in Hats, Caps and Furnishing goods, equally low.

The place you all can guess is at the BOSS CLOTHING STORE of

J. WATERMAN, 77 Exchange St.,

SIGN OF THE DRESSED MAN.

apr27 d&w3mo

CREAT REDUCTION IN

BLACK SILKS.

Black Silk at $1.25, former price $1.62

Black Silk at $1.50, former price $2.00

Black Silk at $1.75, former price $2.25

Black Silk at $2.25, former price $3.00

Black Silk at $2.50, former price $3.50

J. T. RINES & CO.

may2

COFFEY & REAGAN, Practical Plumbers,

Respectfully inform the citizens of Bangor that they are prepared to do PLUMBING in all its various branches, in the best workmanlike manner and on the most reasonable terms. Having had twenty years experience in the business in Boston, we feel confident of giving satisfaction. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

Plumbing Material of the Best Quality.

PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.

COFFEY & REGAN, Practical Plumbers,

165 EXCHANGE STREET, BANGOR, ME.

may24 eod 3m

NEW

Maple Syrup!

JUST RECEIVED

BY

CHAS. DWINEL,

apr4 100 Exchange St.

OILS.

Et. W. Lard, Sperm, Whale, Pure Cod and W. V. Lab. Oils,

At Lowest Prices.

Frank M. Rowe,

191 EXCHANGE STREET.

FIRST SORT POTASH

For sale by

F. M. ROWE.

mar18

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly, 1835.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in depth) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half square, one time	75
For half square, three times	1 00
For half square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 00
Each week's continuance	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements continued some time and charged at two dollars per square, one time a week, one half price, one time a week, one third price.

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 15 cents per line each insertion, for solid matter, and 10 cents per line for leaded.

STATE NEWS.

Aroostook

A post office has been established at Golden Ridge.

Cumberland.

A match game of base ball was played at Brunswick Tuesday, between the sophomores and freshmen. Eleven innings were played, the sophomores being victorious. The score stood 31 to 27.

Hancock

Bucksport has shipped more of lasts at there last winter.

Knox

Three hundred granite cutters were discharged from the Bodwell Granite Co.'s Works at Vinalhaven, Saturday.

Piscataquis

William G. Jones started his new Slate Quarry, known as the West Quarry, at Monson this week, with a full force.

Between the 18th of November and the first of April 14,000 cords of wood were delivered at the Iron Works to be made into coal. Mr. Davis has just sold 1000 tons of No. 1 and 2 iron to parties in Troy, N. Y., to be made into steel rails. Business promises to be good at the Works.

The ladies and gentlemen of Foxcroft Academy declaim for a number at Mayo's Hall, Thursday evening, May 11th.

There was quite a little fracas in a Sebec neighborhood the other day, between two young men. The trouble grew out of some real estate transaction. They met in a field upon the premises, and blows soon followed words. The examination of the assaulting party was to be held on Thursday, but the matter was adjusted, he paying, including costs, about $41.

Washington

An Eastport boy writes home from the Black Hills that the 14 Mag. had time to get a living.

The *Sentinel* understands that New York parties talk of putting in new machinery and starting up the Dolbeer Lead mines at Lubec.

Waldo.

Conductor Mace of the Belfast Railroad, was considerably injured between two freight cars at Burnham, on Tuesday.

Detective Heald, for the Maine Central, has been looking after other obstructors of the Belfast Railroad track. Two boys in the north part of the city were last week hunted up by him, and owned up to placing a sheper across the rails. Their names are Harvey S. Crosby, aged 14, and Clarence S. Gilmore, aged 11. Heald gave them a lecture on the enormity of their offence and told them that a man had just been sent to prison for ten years for a similar act. The boys were terribly frightened, begged hard to be let off, and are on probation.

York

John Bam has been selected by the Mayor of Biddeford for City Marshal. There is a deal of unpleasantness among the Biddeford Democracy.

A Brain-Soothing Remedy.

The well known organ that controls the circulation of blood, not only the seat of reflection and the home of locality, but it is of a peculiarly delicate nature of the nervous system. When it becomes wrought, unduly excited, it affects the irritable life of those highly organized with which it more closely sympathizes, all the nervous centers, and the general health is impaired. The reason why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters excite such a soothing influence upon the brain is, that they remove the indigestion and billious derange ments which react injuriously upon it, and thus relieving irritation or weakness of the great sympathetic nerve which connects the stomach and the brain, they benefit alike the latter organ as well as the former. Sound sleep, clearness of mind, easy digestion, and freedom from nervous excitement are the results that follow the use of this invigorant. d&w may4

PRIZE

PRIZE PRIZE

PRIZE

A PRIZE FOR EVERY ONE,

AT THE

Bargain Shoe Store!

BOOTS & SHOES

Of every description given away for the money there is laid down.

Gents, Ladies, Misses, Boys, Youths, Children, All can find just what they want in the shoe line, at

Curtis'.

French Kid Buttons, Oil Goat Buttons, Ann Kid Buttons, Serge Buttons, Newport Ties, Low Button Shoes, Croquet Slippers, Serge Slippers.

All Widths, Sizes and Prices.

All good Honest Goods, warranted to give satisfaction, even to giving new pairs. The best Manufacture, the best Fitting, the best Wearing of any Goods in the Market.

CURTIS is Sole Agent for the

MUNSON AND BROADWAY

Goods, that are giving such general satisfaction.

Children's Department is full, all kinds, colors and qualities. The best assortment in the city.

A full assortment of

Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes.

All the Latest Styles in

HATS AND CAPS,

Received Every Week.

Call on CURTIS and Save Money.

NO. 2 STRICKLAND'S BLOCK,

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Bangor, May 1, 1876.

May Magazines

RECEIVED BY

D. BUGBEE & CO.

apr29

CLOTHES WRINGERS

and old wringers repaired. No. 3 and 5 Main st.

apr28 W. H. FERNALD.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURR, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle & Burr, and communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Whig and Courier.

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1876.

OUR CANDIDATE.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

HON. JAMES G. BLAINE.

Subject to the action of the Republican National Convention.

Republican District Convention.

The Republican Congressional District Committee of the Counties of Aroostook, Penobscot, Piscataquis and Hancock, requests the Republicans of said District to meet in Delegate Convention at the City Hall in Bangor, on Wednesday, the 24th day of May, 1876, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of selecting Two Delegates to the National Republican Convention to be held at Cincinnati on the 14th day of June next, and Two Alternate Delegates to the same Convention. And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said Convention.

Each City, Town and Plantation will be entitled to one Delegate and one Alternate for every fifty votes cast for Hon. Hannibal Hamlin for Governor in 1875, and a majority fraction of forty votes cast for Hannibal Hamlin for Governor in 1875 will be entitled to a Delegate.

CHAS. HAMLIN,
E. WILLIAM LAMBERT,
HERBERT SANDS,
JAMES FOSS,
JESSE DREW,
JOHN M. WEED,
Committee.

May 3, 1876.

Republican National Convention, 1876

The National Republican Convention will be held at Cincinnati, Ohio, on the 14th day of June, 1876, for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States.

The Committee would recommend that the Republicans in each Congressional District, at such time and place as may be appointed by the Republican Congressional Committee of their District, choose two Delegates to the National Convention, and that the Committee would also recommend that the Republicans in each City, Town and Plantation choose Delegates to the Congressional District Conventions, to be apportioned by the Congressional Committee, on the basis of one Delegate for every twenty votes cast for Governor in 1875.

The Committee would also recommend that the Congressional Committee should be empowered to fill any vacancy that may occur in the Committee by death, resignation or otherwise.

E. D. MORGAN, Chairman.
WM. E. CHANDLER, Secretary.
Republican National Committee.

Washington, January 25, 1876.

A KEEN REPROOF

If Revel Court which has frankly expressed a preference for Bristow, but is strongly opposed to the nomination of Blaine, indulged in the following reproof to the Republicans of Illinois, it would be well for the Republicans of Maine to heed it:

On Wednesday, the 24th day of May, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of selecting Two Delegates to the National Republican Convention to be held at Cincinnati, Wednesday, June 14, 1876, and Two Alternate Delegates to the same Convention. And for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said Convention.

Each City, Town and Plantation shall be entitled to one Delegate and one Alternate for every 100 votes and a majority fraction of forty votes cast for Governor in 1875 shall be entitled to a Delegate.

CHAS. HAMLIN,
E. WILLIAM LAMBERT,
HERBERT SANDS,
JAMES FOSS,
JESSE DREW,
JOHN M. WEED,
Committee.

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An Executive Broadside!

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

AN IMPUDENT CONGRESSMAN HANDSOMELY REBUKED

It will be remembered that a short time ago one Blackburn, an ex-Confederate Congressman from Kentucky, sought to have the passage of a resolution in the House during the President's Fourth of July recess, that acts had been performed during the last seven years at any other place than Washington. The intent of slurring the President, who was then spending a portion of the summer season of each year at Long Branch or some other seaside resort, was manifest, and the impudence of the inquiry was equally apparent to all sensible people. The stupidity of the Democrats in exposing such a resolution to the inevitable rebuke by Independent Blackburn, imperiled one or two of their other performances at this session, and we have been anticipating the administering of just such a rebuke to the President when applied to the whole world that the dignity of the Executive office and the privileges of the Congress of the United States, and establishes the precedents of the Chief Magistrate. The Message will be thoroughly and fully read by all who appreciate good common sense and the quiet humor with which the conqueror of the Confederacy treated Blackburn's resolution of the day which would have necessarily involved a portion of the Executive force from Washington, has never been surpassed. The President places himself on far more lofty ground than Blackburn, and the Executive Mansion in which he dwells, the Executive Office, the Executive Department, and the Chief Magistrate of the Republic, are more honored by the President's Message than by Blackburn's resolution. The Message will be read with interest

Whig and Courier.

SATURDAY, MAY 6 1876.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM LEWISTON.

Receiver Appointed

LEWISTON, May 5 In the Supreme Judicial Court to-day L. S. Packard, of Augusta, was appointed receiver of the Lewiston institution for savings.

FROM SKOWHEGAN

Sudden Death

SKOWHEGAN, May 5 Geo A Fletcher, Esq., of Pittsfield for Somerset County, died very suddenly of heart disease this morning at his residence at North Anson.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

FORTY FOURTH CONGRESS—First Session.

Senate

FRIDAY, May 5

Resolutions were presented by the Legislature of Illinois in favor of the Centennial appropriation bill, providing that no Congress adjourn on Tuesday. It was referred, the Illinois resolution was taken up and passed.

The Impeachment Trial

The Senate then resumed the impeachment trial of Mr Carpenter for the respondent commenced his argument on the question of jurisdiction. After review, the reading in the case, he said that he would have to show first that at the time of the action it could be entertained against a private citizen in a case whatever, if so, and that whatever article of impeachment was exhibited they must set forth facts essential to constitute a crime impeachable. He said he would confine himself in his argument to legal grounds, and would like a decision as possible.

Mr Carpenter read a speech from the constitutional Convention of 1787 to show that the framers who included the constitutional provision had the slightest idea that a public officer could be impeached, and showed that the amendment was declared to be upon the power.

At 2 o'clock the Senate took a recess for 15 minutes.

Mr Carpenter continued his argument, contending that it was not the intent of the framers of the constitution that the Senate would assume to hold jurisdiction of a case of impeachment in which the person holding office at the time the action was commenced.

Mr Garfield referred to the question of jurisdiction in the case of Blount, and said that he would be sought to be established that the Senate would assume to hold jurisdiction of a case of impeachment in which the person holding office at the time the action was commenced.

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Mr Garfield objected to the question but after some discussion Mr Davenport was allowed to answer the question. He said that he could only judge by the speeches they made. It was principally that the law would prove oppressive to the people of the South.

Question—What was the effect?

Answer—To prevent thousands of intelligent voters. The witness was employed by the Union League Club and by no one else to aid in the passage of the laws. He never paid any member of Congress or any other person a single cent or anything else towards obtaining a passage of the law. It was applicable in every city of 20,000 inhabitants and in reply to Mr Garfield he said it would be unable there to prevent Republican frauds in Philadelphia as Democratic frauds in New York. He had tried to enforce the law impartially and prevented the stuffing of the clerks of both parties who came to New York from Washington to vote from voting. He cause they could not prove a residence there. Only last night Lewis waited upon Evarts, a gentleman here and asked if he intended to stop the clerks from voting in 1876 as he did in 1872, and he replied emphatically yes, and they then desired to know what they must do to comply with the registration laws. He wished to make this statement to show that the law was executed no matter which party. Adjourned until May 9th.

MISSOURI

The Whiteker Cases

ST LOUIS, May 5 In the District Court this morning Attorney General Dyer moved attachments against the sheriff, gangers and storekeepers who had failed to answer the writ of habeas corpus issued by Judge Dillon, which motion was denied. Mr Dickinson, of Sidney W Towny of Massachusetts, Mr Dickey of Pennsylvania, Gen Blair of Michigan, Senators Edmunds, Conkling, Cole and members of the Judiciary Committee, generally.

Question—Did any Democrats help you?

Answer—No, sir, I believe every Democrat voted against the bill.

By Mr Joyce—What was the nature of their objection?

Mr Caulfield objected to the question but after some discussion Mr Davenport was allowed to answer the question. He said that he could only judge by the speeches they made. It was principally that the law would prove oppressive to the people of the South.

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LOUISIANA

Senator Twitchell's Condition

NEW ORLEANS, May 5 Advices received at the State House report that Senator Twitchell is still lying ill in a precarious condition. His friends are hopeful.

Drives off by Regulators

Communications received this morning from West Feliciana Parish state that Webster Smith, a colored member of the House of Representatives, have been driven out of the parish by regulators and compelled to fly to the woods. His fate is unknown.

TEXAS

United States Senator Elected

GALVESTON, May 5 Governor Richard Coke was elected United States Senator to-day.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE OF PERSONAL OFFICER, Washington, D. C., May 6 (A. M.)

For the Eastern States

For New England falling barometer, southeasterly winds veering to southwest, slightly warmer and cloudy, rainy weather, clearing, cooler at night.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES

The Board of Appeals for the National Trotting Association in the case of Goldsmith Maid vs. the Southern Oak Fair Association, decided against the Maid, the Board holding that trotting for a purse for exhibition speed does not constitute a race.

Twelve moulders were attacked by strikers at Cleveland, Ohio. Thursday night and one was shot. No arrests.

Judge H. S. Johnson died at Santa Fe Thursday.

The Rochester N. Y. express says the story of the spell in detail by Mr Sargent of the charges against Mr Conkling, in the Lock patent cases.

Among the appointments to West Point are Egan A. Work of Maine, Walter H. Dickinson of Sidney W. Towny of Massachusetts.

Otis W. Sargent keeper of a Boston liquor store committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself. Cause depression from business troubles.

A Mass Sunday School Convention and Teachers' Institute will be held at Hartford, Vt., May 30th and 31st.

The Browns of St. Louis beat the Whites of Chicago at base ball yesterday the score standing 1 to 7.

Wm Byrne charged with setting fire to two houses in East Cambridge, Mass was sentenced to hard for trial at the next term of the Superior Court.

Hon Geo C. Perkins the blind lawyer died at Stratford, N. H. Wednesday.

The gang of counterfeiters, under Solomon of the Pension of Arrears office Brooklyn, is far unknown to only $1,000.

The Methodist Conference at Baltimore adopted resolutions thanking the Commissioners for closing the building on ground on the Sabbath.

Everything is apparently quiet at the different coal mines in the vicinity of Cleveland Ohio. Troops have been ordered to the mining districts to insure public safety, but no outbreak is anticipated.

Several of the mill corporations of Fall River are affected by the failure of Harvey Arnold & Co., of North Adams. This whole amount being a little short of 88,000.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THE WENSLOW CASE.

Attorney General Holker's Reply to Mr Gourley.

LONDON May 6. In the House of Commons last night Attorney-General Sir John Holker, replying to Mr. Gourley, said the papers in the Wenslow case are now being printed and will be presented soon as the correspondence with the United States, which continues, is completed. The papers will contain full information on the subject. He hoped under the circumstances Mr Gourley would not press for a further statement.

Mr Bourke, Under Secretary for the Foreign Department, answering a question by Mr Pulester, said he had nothing to add to the Attorney General's reply.

Thursday Lord Derby, in replying to the question of Mr Grauville in regard to the case said the Government had sent a despatch to the United States which could hardly have reached Washington yet, and until the result of the pending negotiations was known it would be inconvenient to publish the papers before the House.

HAYTI.

The Cause of the Revolution.

NEW YORK, May 5. A merchant of this city recently residing in Hayti says the revolution there was caused by the cruelty and wastefulness of Vice President Remear to whom President Dominique delegated all power. The people rose the 14th of April when the troops joined them. By the advice of the American and British Consuls, the President resigned.

The Vice President Killed by a Mob.

Some 8000 troops were within 35 miles of Port au Prince on the 25th, when Gen. Largault went to that city in advance of his army. The mob accused him of designs on the Presidency, murdered him, threw his body into the street and horribly mutilated it. The cry was then raised, to attack the palace. The French and Spanish Consuls offered the President and Vice President the shelter of the Consulate, and accompanied by the two consuls the executive officers started for the French Consul's house, but were met in the street by the revolutionists and one of them shot the Vice President dead on the spot.

The President Wounded.

The President was wounded before the party reached the inside of the French Consul's house, when they were besieged two days afterwards. After that the President was taken on board a schooner and taken to where he now is.

Vengeance Appeased—Order Restored.

Vengeance was then appeased and order restored. A provisional government with General Canteret at the head was then chosen. It will be at least two months before matters will be sufficiently quieted to hold the Senate and Chamber elections.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Discussion Over the Queen's New Title Coming

LONDON, May 5 In House of Commons Henry James (Liberal) gave notice that he would move a resolution equivalent to a vote of censure to the effect that the Royal Titles Proclamation does not fulfill the pledges given by the government during the debate and therefore the vote on the bill was taken under a misconception. Mr Disraeli accepted the motion not only as a vote of censure but as a vote of want of confidence, and then the discussion for Thursday. This action of Disraeli was responded to by cheers and counter cheers.

Mutineers Sentenced to Death

The trial of London, of the crew of the ship Temple charged with mutiny and murder was concluded the jury finding four of them guilty. Sentence of death was passed upon them. The remainder of the prisoners were acquitted, the Judge awarded £50 to the steward of the Lonnon for heroic conduct during the mutiny.

MEXICO.

The Revolution

SAN ANTONIO Texas May 5 Colonel Quintanilla with 200 Federal occupies Nuevo Laredo. Col. Emmet with 400 revolutionists is said to be preparing for an attack. The Revolutionists are at Piedras Negras. The Negrete revolutionists with 600 men are waiting, outside for reinforcements before attacking the place. Most of the Federal Custom House officials in Eagle Pass have fled over into Texas for safety.

FOREIGN NEWS IN BRIEF

King Alfonso has written a letter to the Pope in which he expresses the Pope that Spain is Catholic and consequently the Catholics need fear nothing from the king. Part of the charge in the new Cortes to be opened in Madrid.

Further prefectorial changes will be made in Paris next Monday. These will include a complete retirement of several Prefects and the dismissal of forty Sub-Prefects and Secretaries General.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Monetary Quotations.

NEW YORK, May 5 Money call at 4 @ 4½ per cent.

Gold closed at 11½.

STERLING EXCHANGE closed at 4 88½@4 90.

Government Securities closed at the following quotations:

U. S. 6s	113
U. S. 5s, June 81 (coupon)	111½
65 (coupon) May & Nov	114
67 (coupon) Jan & July (new)	115
68 (coupon) Mar & Sept	116
10-40s Special Tax Coupon March & Sept	106
Currency 6s	120

Above quotations are for the government interest.

New York Produce Market

NEW YORK May 5 Cotton steady at 1 cent lower. Middling uplands 11 cents. New Orleans 11½.

FLOUR is in fair request—sales 11,000 bbls. Superfine and extra State at 4 60@5 00, extra Ohio at 4 60@5 00, extra Western at 4 60@5 00, extra Genesee at 5 00@5 50, extra Minnesota

ALIF-LAILA.

AN EASTERN STORY.

BY EDWARD EVERETT HALE.

The monthly magazine, as known to our Western civilization, dates, of course, from a period this side of the revolution of printing in Europe—or of what Bishop Whitby wisely calls the introduction of paper in the West. Our sets of monthlies, bi-monthlies, semi-monthlies only run back a hundred or two years, therefore—to the joy of librarians to whom, be it confessed they bring misery untold.

But in the East, where printing has existed so long that the memory of man goes not to the contrary, it is almost impossible to say how far back was the introduction of the monthly literary magazine. This publication was accompanied with certain advantages and certain disadvantages which sprang from the peculiarities of the Eastern calendar. The Eastern month being lunar, the magazine, if accuracy were considered, had to be issued once in twenty-nine days, twelve hours and forty-four minutes. On the other hand the people of the East are less exacting or precise than we are in this long run if they had thirteen monthlies in one year and twelve in each of the next two years, it generally proved that subscribers were satisfied.

The Delhi copy of two of these early magazines—universally known through the East where, indeed, it is sold in many exaggerated and impossible forms—which is receiving printing for Western readers not yet familiar with it, for it gives both instruction and warning in a page in which every boy in college and every girl in a Church sewing circle regards magazine writing as the chief end of man and woman—a page in which editors are feeling round, from want, blindly, to know what their rights may be, or whether, in fact, they have any rights which is doubtful. The story simply told with out any of the ornaments and adornments which are put upon it in the East, teaches all men how some of the most delicate and tender questions may be decided between contributors and the public.

For two in a period of mythical history in the East two brothers, men of spirit, taste and literary culture, conducted at the same time, two monthly magazines. The offices of publication were so far from each other, and the "constituencies" were so different, that the two journals did not in the least interfere with each other. These were in the happy days when there were no mails, and each magazine had its own staff of contributors, the one not skilled in the language and literature of Persia and the other in that of India. Though the two brothers loved each other, they seldom exchanged letters and the chosen contributors of one journal never sent a line to the other.

One of these magazines called the Friend of the City in their quaint Eastern way was published at Delhi; the other called the King of the Age was published at Samarcand. Each of them stood very high in popularity, and, by virtue of its popularity, great power. At Delhi in particular the editor seemed the real controlling power in society and in what we call the kingdom. Not but that there was some kind of a sovereign or sultan, who in other ages would have been a Lud as Canute or an Aurungzebe, but he was kept quiet by his state in a certain palace which he called a palace which stood where Shah Jehan long ago built his magnificent dome. But this poor dog of a sultan had nothing to do with the real government. He had to put his seal to a great many documents and he had to settle horrible cases of quarrels among his servants and harem people every day and some times he had the bore of turning out in the hot sun, with umbrellas held by elephants and bands of music, and so on to receive some foreign embassy. This he called a long, long and very stupid life it was and very hard work did he bring to him. But all the rest of the forces of Delhi and the country, and all the comfort of life which come of success in the fight of everyday living, those came not to his palace at all, though, sultan, emperor or not, he was never invited to see or call upon but the editor of the Friend of the City. He drove his span of horses when he chose and he chose to sent the gravy at the choice when he chose and he dined with Lord Lines with or without the ferocious power. All this he did because he had a large subscription list and he edited well.

With standing success thus with some difficulty in form his young brother invited the King of the Age to dine at Samarcand. Now we ought to know clear enough what I am sorry to say I do not know that Samarcand is far away from Delhi. It is more than a thousand miles as the carrier dove flying to his love in Delhi from his cage in Samarcand, and when you come to talk of travelling by camels and horses and asses—why there are rivers and mountains between, and all ways such as these, one, three hither and thither so that the journey is two thousand miles or more. At the time, the editor of the Friend of the City dearly loved his brother who edited the King of the Age. And after they had been parted twenty years he felt so strong a desire to see this brother that he directed his chief assistant to repair to him at Samarcand and to bring him.

Having taken the advice of this sub-editor who was a more political person than he was, he gave orders to prepare handsome presents such as horses adorned with rich jewels, and camelukes and beautiful virgins and the most expensive stuffs of India. He then wrote a letter to his brother in which he told him how long it was to see him, and having sealed it and given it to the sub-editor, together with the presents in bids him strain his nerves and pick up his saddle and gallop home as quickly as possible. The sub-editor answered "I hear and I obey." He passed his baggage and made ready his provisions in three days and on the fourth day he departed and went towards the west and the long mountains. He travelled night and day. The different news agents in the provinces where he stopped came forth to meet him with costly presents and gifts of gold and silver, and account of sales, and orders for back numbers and bound volumes and each news agent accompanied the sub-editor one day's journey. He thus continued until he approached the city of Samarcand. When he sent forward a messenger to the editor of the King of the Age to inform him of his approach. The messenger entered the city, inquired the way to the office, and introducing himself to the editor, kissed the ground before him and acquainted him with the approach of his brother's sub-editor. On this the editor ordered all his staff with the proofreaders and publishers to go forth a day's journey to meet him, and they did so. And when they met him, they welcomed him and walked by his stirrups till they brought him into the city. The messenger from Delhi then delivered his chief's letter. The Samarcand editor took it, read it, and understood its contents. "Tell said he to the messenger, "I will not go till I have entertained thee three days." He therefore lodged him in a palace befitting his rank, accommodated all his suite in tents, and appointed all things requisite in food and drink, and for three days they feasted. His New Year's number was just printed, and having got that off his hands, on the fourth day he equipped himself for the journey, and collected presents suitable to his brother's dignity.

Having completed these preparations, he left the charge of the magazine with his chief of staff, and set out for his visit to his brother. As is the custom in the East, the caravan encamped a mile from the city to make sure that nothing was forgotten. It occurred to the Samarcand brother after this evening meal, that it would be well to take with him an early copy of the New Year's number in advance to his brother, as they were not yet delivered to the trade. He mounted his horse therefore and rode back to the city, and to save himself from going to the office, he stopped near the gates, at the house of one his chief contributors—a young lady of great promise, whose reputation had been manufactured, indeed, by the King of the Age—to ask her for the "early copy" which had been sent to her because she had some verses in it.

What did he see as he entered the house but that this false woman was giving a letter to a negro slave. He seized it, he tore it open, and found that it was a copy of verses which she had written and addressed to the Fountain of Light, which was the rival magazine in Samarcand. On beholding this the world became black before his eyes. He said to himself, "If this happens when I have not departed from the city, what will not this vile woman do while I am sojourning with my brother?" He then drew his cimiter and cut off her head, as she fell at his knees for pardon. He took from her table the early copy of the King of the Age, for departure, and journeyed to Delhi.

As they approached Delhi, the Friend of the City or the editor of that journal, came out to meet them, and welcomed his brother with the utmost delight. He then ordered that the city should be decorated for the occasion. But the mind of his brother was distracted by reflections upon the conduct of his favorite contributor. Excessive grief took possession of him and his countenance became sallow and his frame emaciated. His brother observed these symptoms of a mind ill at ease and asked him the cause. "Oh, my brother!" he replied, "I have an inward wound," but he explained not to him the cause. His brother proposed a great pressed excursion on the Jumna, which he hoped might cheer his brother's mind. But after all the preparations had been made he was disappointed, his brother being so ill that the party proceeded without him.

After they had gone the poor sufferer from Samarcand sat in his beautiful apartment in his brother's palace and to divert his mind, looked out into the garden. Scarcely was the excursion party gone, when a gay laughing party of young men and women came into the garden, whom he recognized at once to be the contributors to his brother's magazine, all of whom had been introduced to him at a collation the day before. He was interested to see their proceedings. They entertained themselves in the garden, and the lady who is contributor of all, a lady celebrated through India for her short stories, sat down by a fountain, clapped her hands, and cried, "Masoud! Masoud!" Now Masoud was the editor of the Pearl of Wit, which was an upstart magazine, the latest rival of the Friend of the City. In a moment there came in led by two manikulues who took prostrations before him, and he bowed to the chief contributor and sat at her feet. Then she drew from her pocket a little roll of vellum and read to him and to all the other contributors a short story of only six thousand words. And all the contributors applauded some from sympathy and some to conceal their jealousy. But Masoud applauded most of all and took the roll, and hung around her necks, as trophies or diamonds. Then all the other contributors read articles in turn, and Masoud took an article from each to each, and he gave either a purse of gold or a bracelet, or a diamond according to the reputation before the public of each contributor. Now all these reputations had been made by the advertising clerk of the Friend of the City.

When therefore the Samarcand editor saw from his window these shameless proceedings his heart wrung grievously within him. By Allah! he exclaimed, my affection is lighter than this affection. His grief was soothed, and he no longer thought much food and drink.

And so it fell out that when after five days his brother returned from the excursion he was delighted to find that his brother's guest was cheerful and well. His health recovered its color, and he ate with appetite. "Oh my brother," he cried, how is this change? Art thou not in danger with this change?" "Nay, nay," said the other, "I am well." Then his brother took him out on a side, away from the staff, from the main buildings and the public service and told him all. The Delhi editor could not believe the tale. But the next day he and a friend would go on an excursion with the Board of Trades, and no sooner had the party left the city than he turned to his friend in indignation and then looking from the window in his brother's house he saw a like sight the contributors were all reading their articles and selling them to Masoud and other editors of rival magazines.

As soon as the editor saw this he wrote a note to the chief contributors, and sent her to each to the other than a straw. So soon as she entered he charged her with her guilt, and before the miserable creature could reply, he drew his cimiter and cut off her head. He then sent shorter notes to the lesser contributors, and in each one cut off the office he spoke briefly that he knew all and with his own hand he decapitated. He then ordered the porters and janitors to throw the bodies into the Jumna, and, with his brother's assistance, he called a new circle of new contributors and made up the next number of the Friend of the City from their poems and articles. The director of advertisements and of press criticisms manufactured reputations for them all, and the number was pronounced the most brilliant number of the Friend of the City which had ever been published.

Then the editor sent advance copies to each of the contributors and asked them to call at the office the next morning. As each one called, the editor gave his cimiter and cut off the contributor's head. He then called the porters and janitors and bade them throw the carcasses into the Jumna and proceeded to make up the next number. And thus he did for three years.

As the third year passed, however, the assistant editors began to observe that there was certain difficulty in collecting poems and articles. Nay, it was even whispered in the publication office that the Friend of the City was losing popularity. The rumors from the publication office were not often permitted to stir in the editorial rooms. But still there was a suspicion that from the homes of the authors who had been cut short so suddenly there were going out a sort of public opinion unfavorable to the renewal of subscriptions. As for authors, for some time they presented themselves freely. Each poet and each story writer was quite sure that her manuscript was so much better than anything which had ever been written before that they all moved up to the chief editor of publication with serenity. Each was sure that for herself the rule would be reversed, and each quite sure that the others deserved decapitation. But as had been said, after three years the steady supply of articles was a little checked, perhaps because a rumor was put in circulation by the conductors of the Pearl of Wit that the editor of the Friend of the City was crazy, and could not if he would and would not if he could, tell a good article from a good one.

All these rumors and contingencies made the position of the sub-editor very uneasy. But as the third year drew to a close. He had to make up each number all the same and he had to direct the chief of advertisements how to make the reputations of the authors. But really the authors were so delighted now that the reputations were so freely worth the making.

Of this remarkable man the name unfortunately is lost. But, happily for literature and for posterity, he had two remarkable daughters of whom the eldest has won an extraordinary reputation in the East, where she stands, indeed, at the very head of literature. At the period with which this history deals she was young and beautiful. She had courage above her sex, remarkable penetration, and genius unbounded. She had read everything, and her memory was so wonderful that of all she had read she forgot nothing. She had studied philosophy, medicine, and the arts, and her verses were acknowledged to be better than those of the most distinguished poets of her time. As had been said, her beauty was ravishing, and her amiability and her virtue rivalled her wit, her memory, her prudence, her accomplishments, and her personal loveliness.

One day, when the sub-editor had white paper before him, wondering how he should make up the "schedule" for the next number, this lovely girl came to him and said, "Papa, grant me a boon;" and she kissed him.

And he said, "A thousand, my darling."

"I thought they should cost you the half of your kingdom, papa?"

"Though they should cost me the whole, my darling," said the fond father, rashly.

The girl clapped her hands and cried, "Victory! victory! Papa, I want to write the first article for the next number of the Friend of the City."

Oh, how agonized was her poor father! How he begged her to release him from his fatal promise! but in vain. The girl was determined. She had her father's word, and she would not let him go.

"Dear child," he said, "have you lost your senses? You know that the chief cuts off the head of each contributor as soon as she has received the advance copy of the magazine! Do you really ask me to offer you to the knife?"

"Yes, papa," said the brave girl; "I know all the danger that I run, and it does not deter me. If I die, my death will be glorious." "If I live, I will save my country."

And at last the wretched father, driven to a partial consent by his daughter's firmness, went to the editor-in-chief with the schedule of the number of his approval, and showed to him that the first article on the fatal list, namely,

"THE TRAVELLING MERCHANT"

was

"BY SCHEHERZADE."

The editor knew full well, and he knew that the author was the sub-editor's daughter.

"Dog," said he "do you suppose that because I am fond of you and use you, I shall spare you for such horse more than any other house in Delhi?"

The poor sub-editor, all in tears, said that he had no such hope.

"Be not deceived," said the editor, "When you bring to me your daughter Scheherezade's article, you take her life with your own hands."

"Well," said the sub-editor, "I hear and obey you. Nature will murmur, but I know my place, and you will see that the proofs are well read and that my hands do not flinch." The editor accepted his promise, and bade him bring the article when he pleased.

Quite in time for the first or illustrated form, the sub-editor brought the article with a series of spirited illustrations, drawn on the block by Dinarzade. This celebrated article has never been fully printed in Western journals till now, although it has gained great celebrity all over the world, and has been printed abridged form. The following is a more complete and correct version of it than we have found elsewhere.

THE TRAVELLING MERCHANT.

Once upon a time there was a rich merchant, wonderfully successful in all his dealings, who had great store of goods of all sorts, of money, and of women, children and all sorts of slaves, as well as of houses, warehouses and lands. And he had this wealth not only at home but in all the countries of the world. He had to make journeys sometimes, so that he might see his factors and correspondents face to face. And once when he was obliged to go and collect some money, he took his scrip or travel-bag and packed in it some biscuit and some dates of Mecca for provision for the journey, because he would have in some places to pass over deserts. And so he mounted his horse and set out upon his journey. God gave him good success in his travelling. He came prosperously to the place he sought. He finished his business prosperously, and prosperously he set out upon his return.

After he had travelled three days toward home, the fourth day was very hot. And the merchant was so much distressed by the heat that he turned aside into a garden by the wayside to rest. There he found under the shade of some trees he saw there. He made his resting place under the shade of a large and very fine tree and his horse he tethered to a peg. He took out one or two biscuits and the dates and threw the date stones right and left upon the ground. Then having satisfied himself with his frugal repast, he stood up and washed himself and then knelt down and said his prayers.

He had not finished his prayers, but was still upon his knees when he saw a figure, huge as a mountain giant, so large that while his head was in the clouds, and so old that his head was white with age. He held in his hand a long drawn sword and before the merchant could move the genie cried out to him

"Stand up, that I may kill you with this sword as you have killed my son!"

When the merchant heard this, the wonderful horror he was terrified by them so much as he had been by the sight of the moment, but in the midst of his fear he stammered out, "Oh my lord, what is my crime? Why do you kill me?"

"Thou genie replied again, "I will kill you as you have killed my son."

"But," the merchant said, "who was said my son?"

"And the genie answered, "You!"

"Oh, my lord, said the poor merchant, "I never saw your son and I do not know who he is."

"But," the genie said, "You have killed him."

"Then the merchant said, "My lord by the living Allah I have not killed him! How and where and when did I kill him?"

"The genie answered him "Did you not sit down when you came into the garden? Did you not take dates out of your travelling skin? Did you not eat the dates and did you not throw the stones about some of the field and some on the right."

"It is true, my lord," said the merchant, "I did as you say."

"Very well," said the genie, "and so you killed my son, for my son was passing by just then and as you threw the dates some one of them struck him and killed him." Does not the law say, "Whoso killeth another, shall be killed in turn?"

"Verily this is the law, said the merchant, "but indeed, indeed, my lord I did not kill your son, or, if I killed him, I call upon Allah to witness without Whom no might and no wisdom, that I did it unwittingly. Forgive me, my lord, oh forgive me! I have done this thing."

"No," said the genie, "I swear you must die."

So saying he seized the merchant and the whole spirit of the ground. Then he lifted his great sword into the air again and held it ready to strike. The poor merchant thought of his home and family, of his wives and his little ones. He thought he had not a moment more to live. And he wept such floods of tears that his clothes were wet with the moisture.

"Oh Allah!" said he, "there is no power nor might but with Allah the Exalted and Great. I am the victim of a great and terrible wrong. Oh, my children, my children, remember your father!"

"Time knows two days"

Of one the face is bright and clear
Of one the face is dark as night.

"Time knows two sides"

One is as warm and glad as light
One is as cold and black as night.

"Thou fool! I will tell thee

The sitting fingers of old old will single spirit
Dies while his flying kites were flying, and I fell!

"Why trees sometimes"

Are on the trees that feel the temperate sun
The stately trees of pride that lift high boughs

"Come sail with me"

Over waters, or upon the to most waves
The proud rections people are hid in secret caves

"See the eclipse"

A thousand stars are quenched for your blaze,
But sun and moon must hide their bright rays

"I broke a fruit"

Do I may be green and fresh as fruit I found?
I plucked it, fruit from branch, I seem ripe and red

"Night and sun and moon"

Because I saw the star gods in the sky
Poor fool! I had forgotten that sun was right.

When the merchant had finished these verses, and had wept to his heart's content, and groaned, who had waited through it all said, "He is enough, now I must kill you."

"What," said the merchant, "will nothing change you?"

"Nothing," said the genie. "You must die."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

These last words were emblazoned in a beautiful scroll of Dinarzade's most perfect designing.

The editor of the Friend of the City was not accustomed, himself, to read manuscripts, proofs, or revises unless the articles were his own. He first saw the articles of the sub-editor and contributors in plate proof. When the plate proofs of this number were brought to him, he began at once on the story of the merchant. He read it with unaffected, not to say unworthy, interest. When he turned the last page, he said to himself, "How ever will she wind it up in so few lines?" And when he came to the masterpiece of Scheherezade's success and of Dinarzade's art, he laid down the sheets with his mingled feeling not easily described. His cruelty was foiled! But of that he thought little. His curiosity was piqued. A jaded editor of twenty-three years' experience was curious for a denouement. But of this he thought little. For not one moment did he think of taking the author's blood. He saw too clearly the future of the magazine. In short, every other emotion sank within him before the profound awe which overwhelmed his being. The editor looked down the ages. He saw that his magazine might last forever. For in that series of plate-proofs the Serial was born.

From that moment the position of the lovely Scheherezade and her accomplished sister Dinarzade on that magazine was secure. That single serial ran twenty-seven years, through one thousand and one numbers, and was known throughout the East as "Alif-Laila." Long before it ended, other serials had been begun, and no citizen of Delhi or the neighborhood ever subscribed for the Friend of the City, but he continued his subscription for generation after generation.

The tales of Scheherezade have been collected, as is well known, in endless editions and translated into all languages. The languages of the East are so little understood that the names of the magazines have been transferred to the two editors. The Friend of the City in Arabic is Sohrhar, and that name in varied spelling is generally given to the editor of that print. His brother, by a similar oversight, is usually called Shahzebah, which word means the King of the Age.

But these names are forgotten, as they should be. The name which is remembered is that of the lively and virtuous Scheherezade, the saviour of her country who, to the other titles to the gratitude of men, adds this, that she Invented the Serial.

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1876---Vols. XLIII--IV.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly, 1815

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